

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
RURAL DEVELOPMENT
LOK SABHA**

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:2995
ANSWERED ON:03.08.2017
National Rural Livelihoods Mission
Singh Dr. Krishn Pratap

Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has taken a huge sum of loan from the International Development Association (IDA) for the implementation of National Rural Livelihoods Mission (NRLM);
- (b) if so, the details thereof and the names of those districts and blocks in the identified States where this loan has been utilised;
- (c) the extent to which the States have benefited from it;
- (d) whether the Government proposes to cover the remaining districts under any other loan scheme in the country; and
- (e) if so, the details thereof?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
(SHRI RAM KRIPAL YADAV)

(a) & (b): The Government of India had signed an agreement with the World Bank in July, 2011, for availing International Development Association (IDA) credit of US \$ 1 billion (approximately Rs. 4500 crore) for National Rural Livelihoods Project (NRLP) to be availed over a period of five years. The project was restructured in May 2013 and the credit amount reduced to US \$500 million which is now to be availed by June 2018. The objective of the loan was to increase effectiveness of the resources being utilized under Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana – National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM) through professionalizing the overall program management and moving towards a results-based approach throughout the country. At present, NRLP is being implemented in select blocks of 13 high poverty States which account for 92% of the rural poor in the country. These States are Assam, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal. The list of districts and the blocks covered under the project is enclosed as Annexure I.

(c): The number of households mobilized, Self Help Groups (SHGs) promoted and amount of capitalization support extended under the project is enclosed as Annexure II. A mid-term assessment of NRLP found that the mobilization process was highly inclusive, with the households belonging to SCs and the STs accounting for more than 50% of the total households mobilized. The inclusiveness of the mobilization was further borne out by the fact that almost 84% of the members had accessed at least one loan (small or big) from the SHGs. Overall, the study concluded that the project had made significant achievements in the areas of social mobilization, community institutions building (SHGs and their federations) and provision of initial capitalization support. The assessment also recognized substantial progress made in some of the states in facilitating access to SHGs to bank credit. The independent assessment of the DAY-NRLM carried out by the Institute of Rural Management Anand (IRMA) in 2017 has corroborated these findings and has also highlighted the increase in number of enterprises leading to higher income levels in the Mission areas.

(d) & (e): At present, there is no such proposal to cover the remaining districts by utilizing any other loan scheme.

Annexure I referred in reply to part (a) and (b) of the Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 2995 for answer on 03.08.2017

List of Districts and Blocks where National Rural Livelihood Project (NRLP) is under implementation